

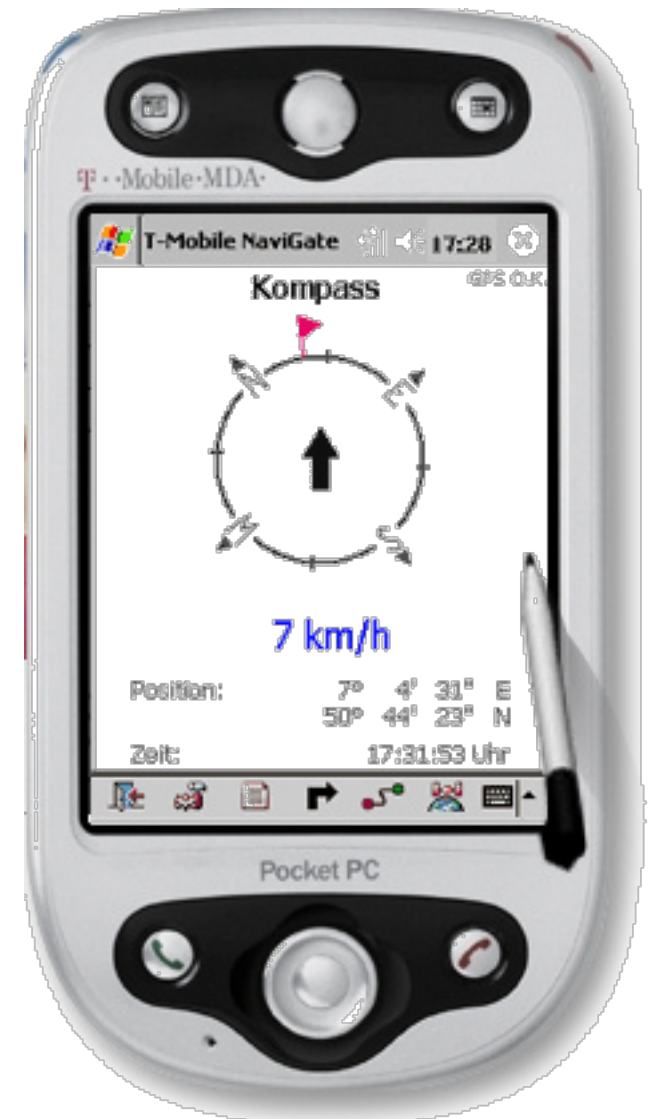
Lecture 3

Application Domains I: LBS Business Models & Use Cases

Mobile Business II (SS 2017)

Prof. Dr. Kai Rannenberg

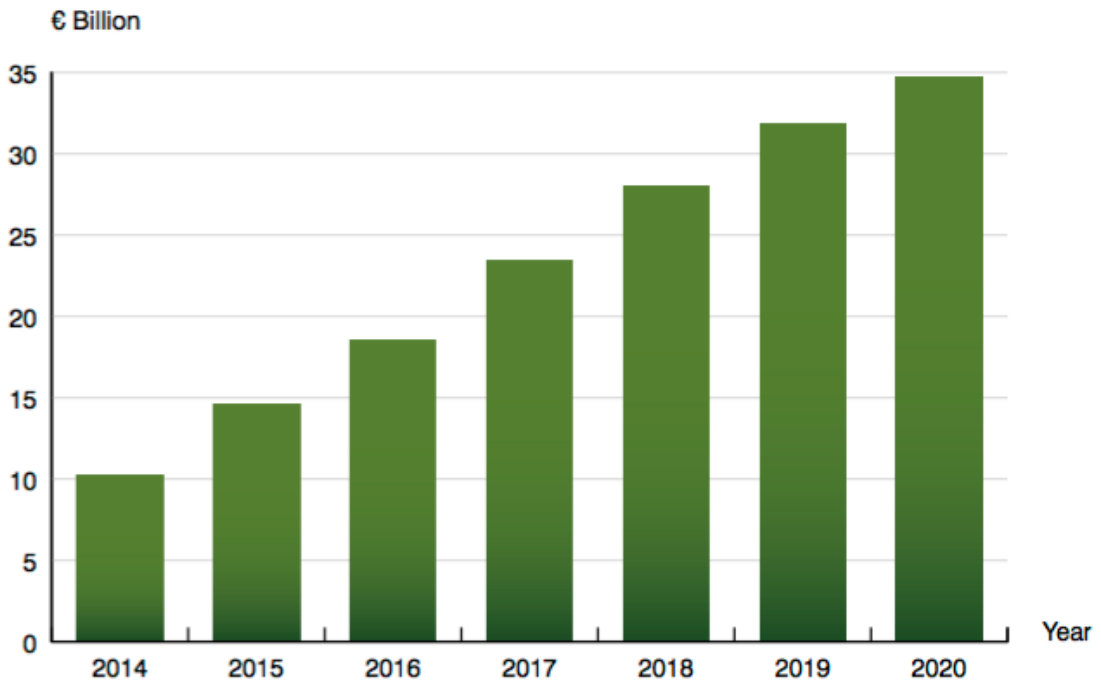
Deutsche Telekom Chair of Mobile Business & Multilateral Security
Goethe University Frankfurt a. M.



- Market Analyses
- Business Models
- Requirements for Location-based Services
- A Situation-dependent Business Model
- Examples of LBS Business Models

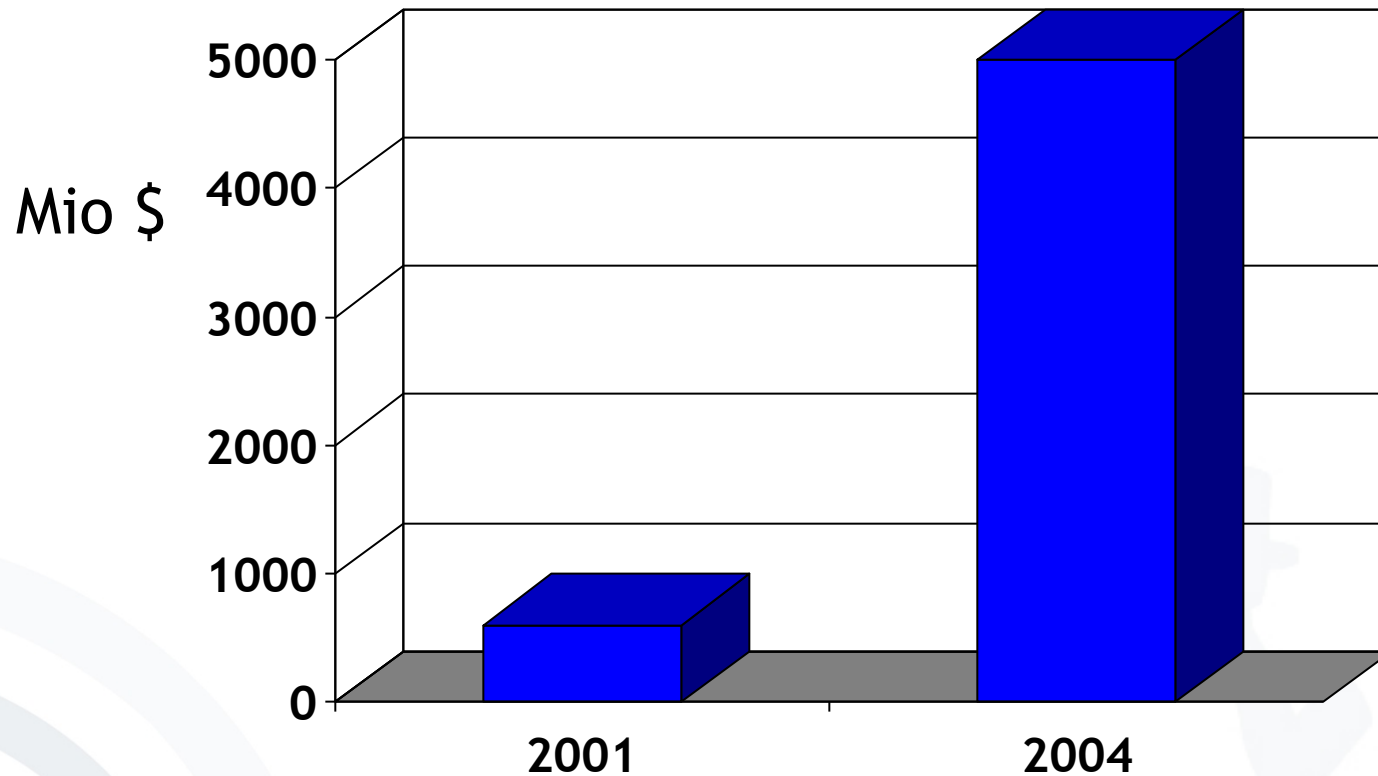
Mobile LBS Revenues Market Expectations 2014-2020

- Total LBS service revenues in the EU reached € 325 million in 2012
- And is forecasted to grow to about € 825 million by 2017



Mobile LBS revenue forecast, € billion (World 2014–2020)

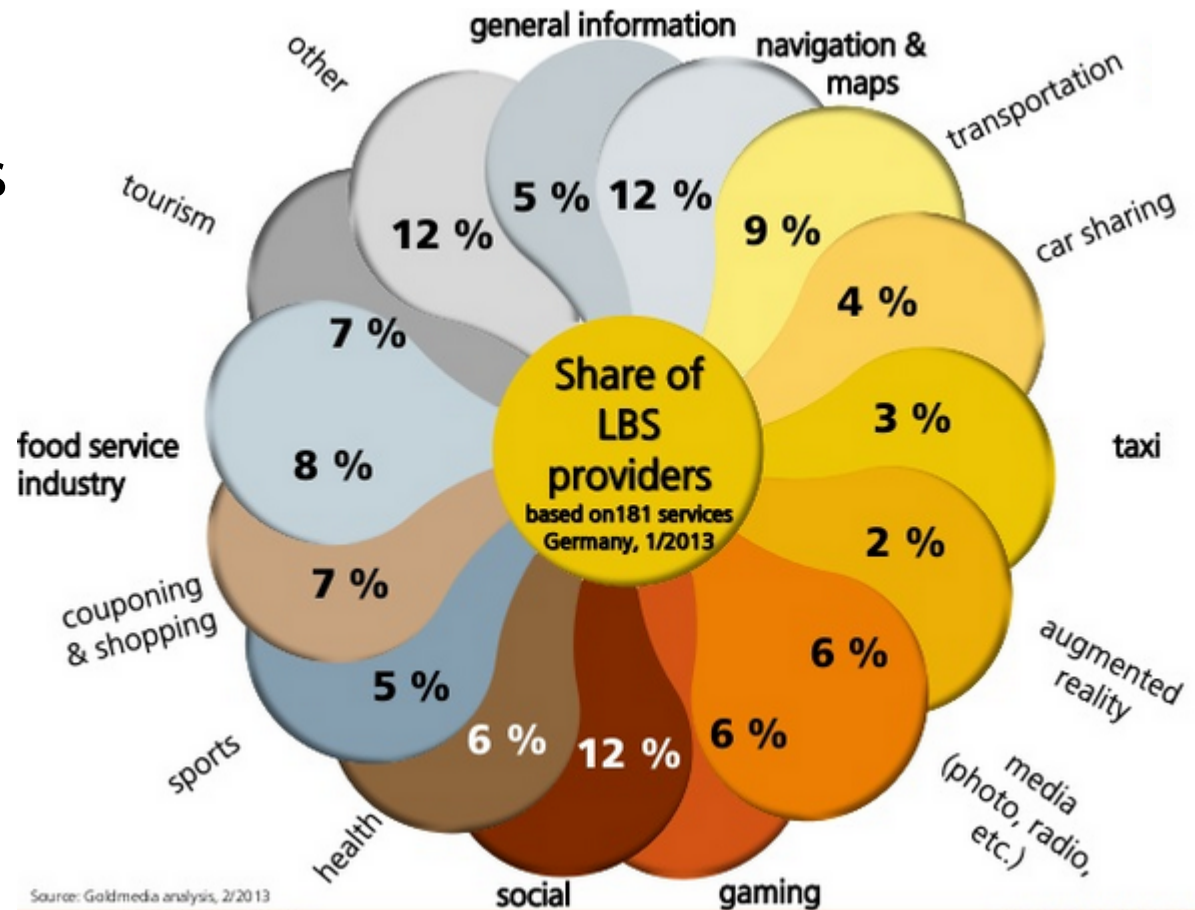
Market Forecast reviewed*



* worldwide

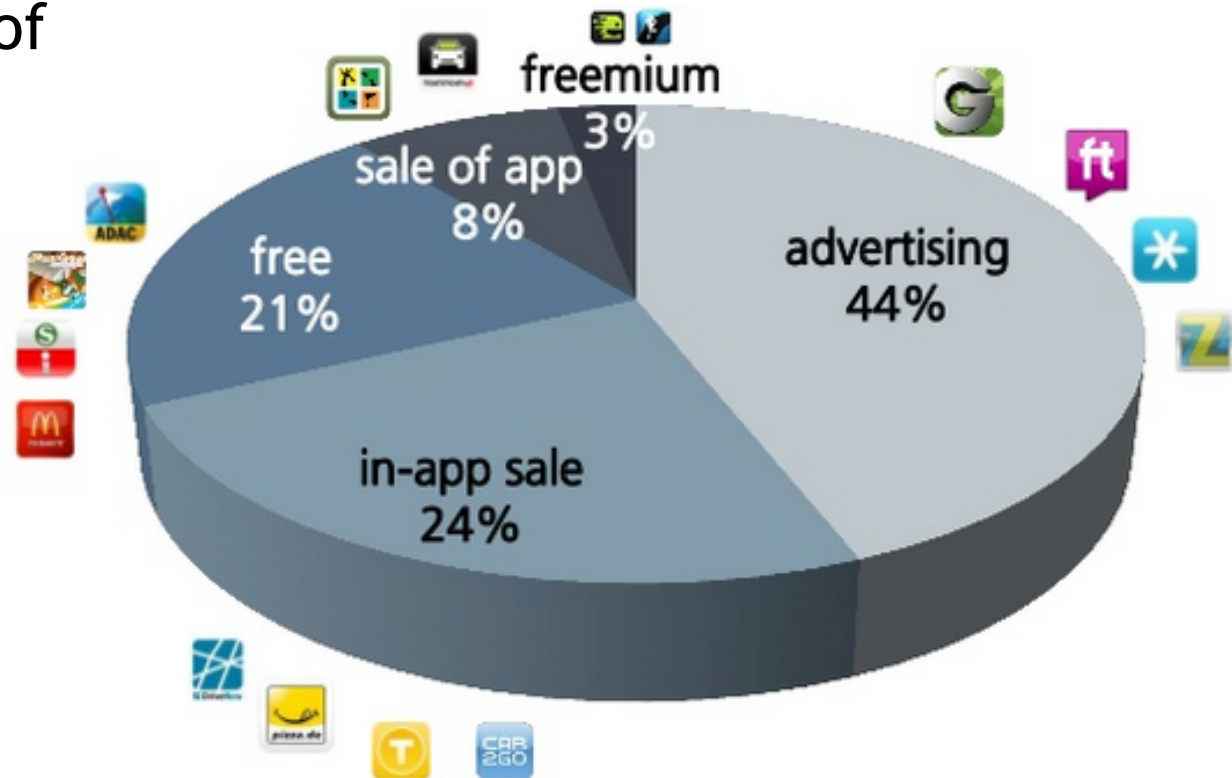
LBS Market Segments

- LBS applications available in all market segments
- No distinct focus: LBS horizontally attractive



Share of LBS Business Models

- Almost half of LBS are ad-financed.



Source: Goldmedia analysis, 01/2013

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Elements of a Business Model

(1) Value Proposition

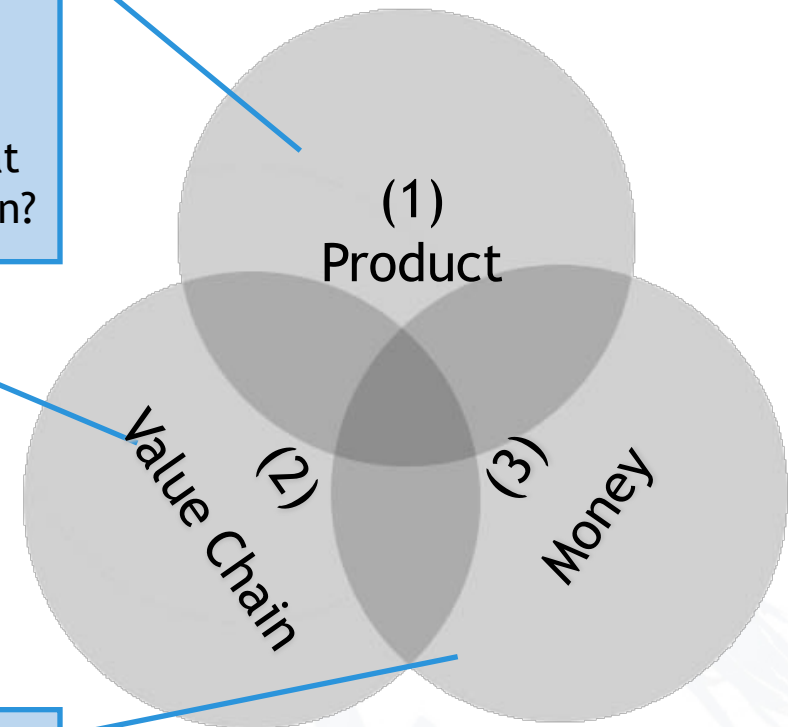
- How does the organisation benefit customers and partners?
- What are the advantages of players that are in relationship with the organisation?

(2) Architecture of added value

- How is the manufacturing of the output presented?
- In which configuration is the output produced?

(3) Revenue Model

- Which revenues will be generated from which sources?
- What are possible types and forms of revenue?



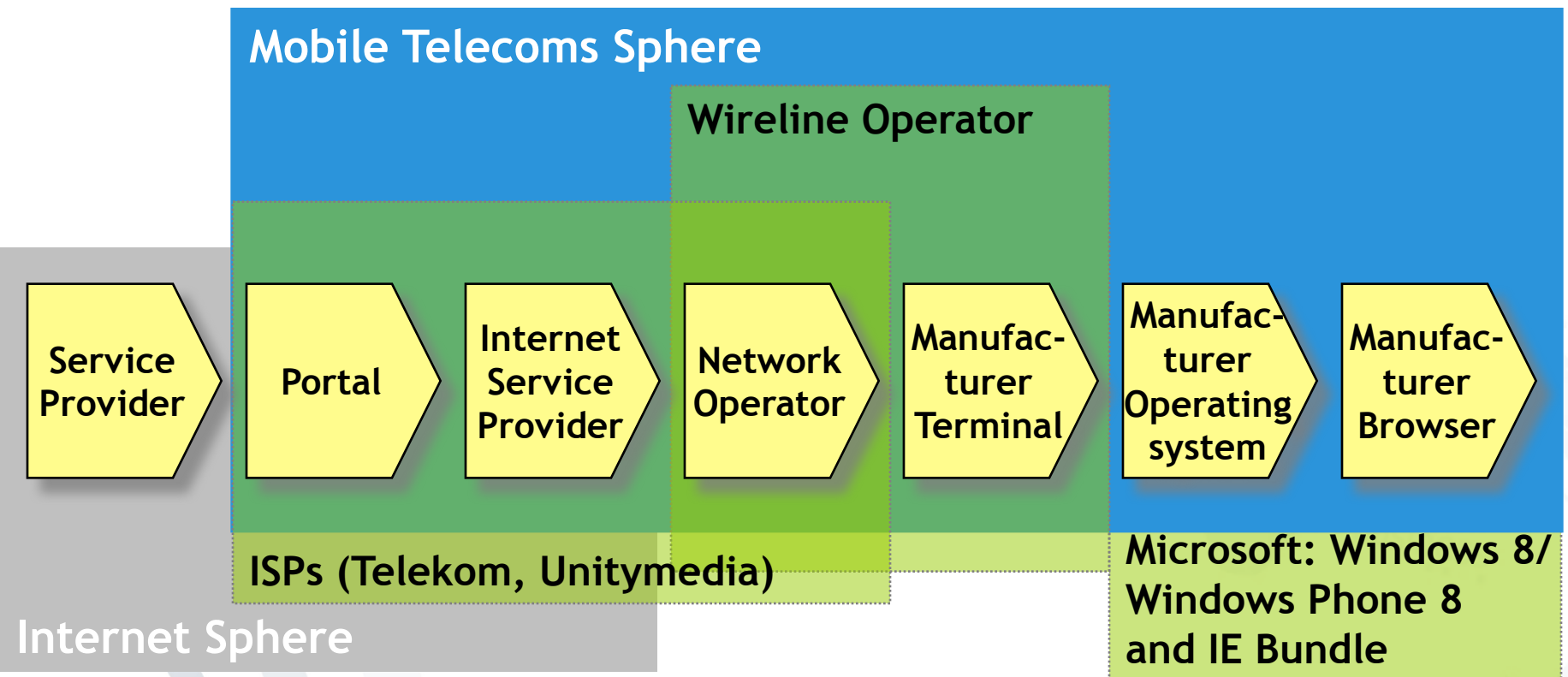
(1) Value Proposition

- Access to digital information services and products at any time and any place
- Location information can be used for enhancement of these services:
 - Ease of use
 - Enabling of new services
- As there are personal data involved there are high privacy requirements.
 - Especially when mobile (location-based) services are provided in a distributed manner



(2) Architecture of the Added Value

- Value chains to model the architecture of the added value.



Options for the Mobile Network Operator (MNOs)

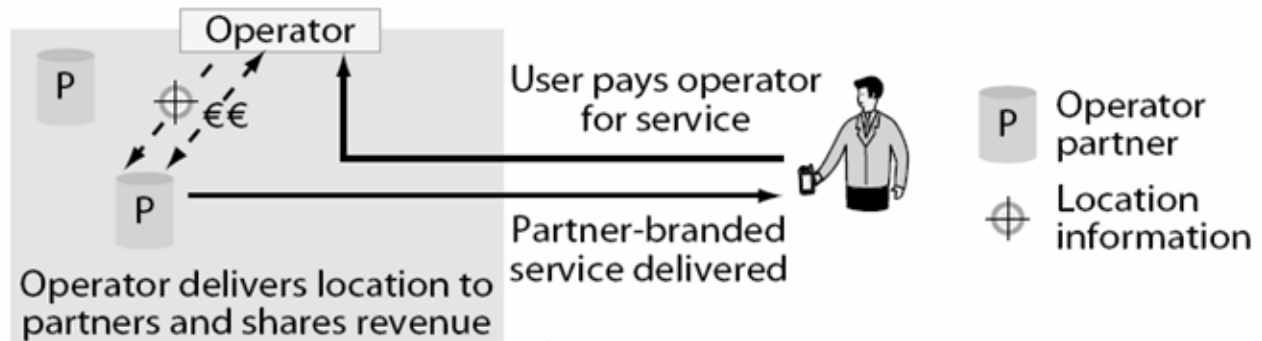
1

Operator builds walls around location information



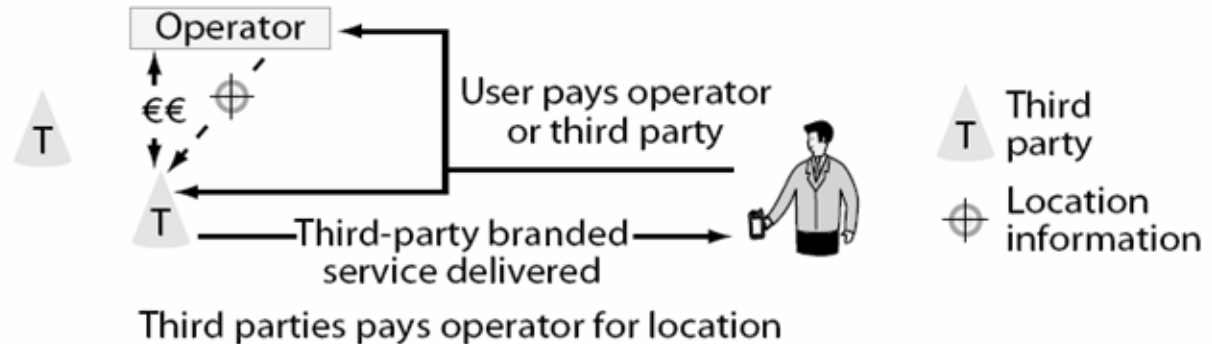
2

Operator invites preferred partners into walled garden



3

Operator sells X, Y coordinates to third parties



(3) Revenue and Revenue Models

Revenue models

Subscription	Single transaction	Advertisements	Miscellaneous
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Revenue types

Direct		Indirect	
Utilisation dependent	Utilisation independent	Via enterprise	Via state
Single transaction depending on quantity or period of use	One-time	e.g. advertisement, commission	Subsidisation
	regular e.g. subscription, (broadcast) fee		

Target Groups and Revenue Models

Teenagers

Little money available

Advertisement-based revenue models

Students

Little money available

**Advertisement-based revenue models and
services of the university**

**Business
people**

Money but no time

**Information on Demand based on single transactions,
services to save time**

Data (from customer)

Pricing dependent on medium, time (CSD, HSCSD) or quantity (GPRS, UMTS)

Mobile Services (from customer)

Single transaction (Download of ringtone) or subscription (news-subscription)

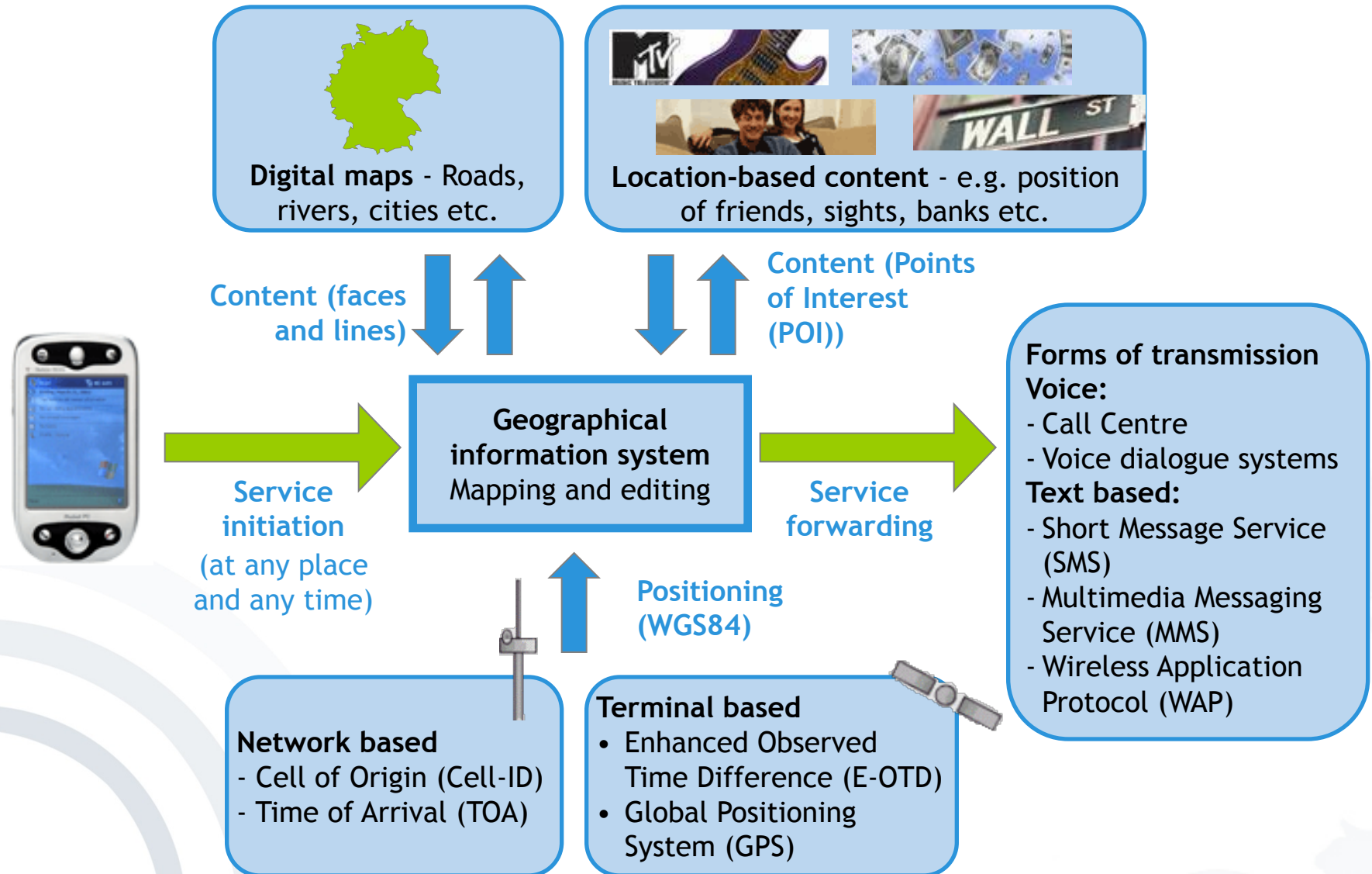
Commission (from service provider)

Commission based on turnover

Foundation Services (from service provider)

For the messaging of SMS, MMS or *access on location information*

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Mapping

Display of Points of Interest (POIs) in geographic context



Routing

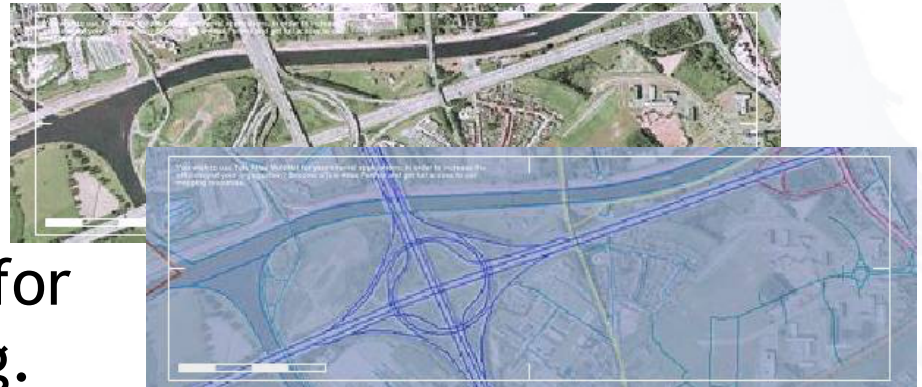
Calculation of optimal routes from A to B considering different aspects (traffic, max. speed etc.)



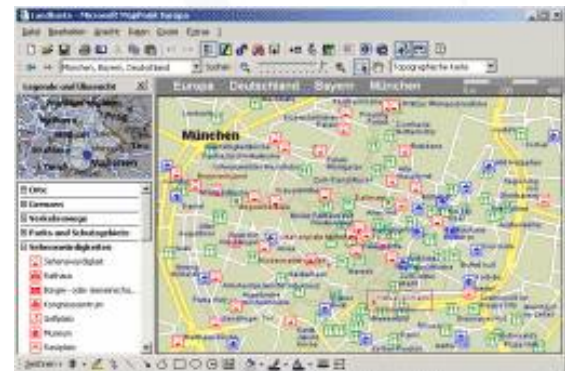
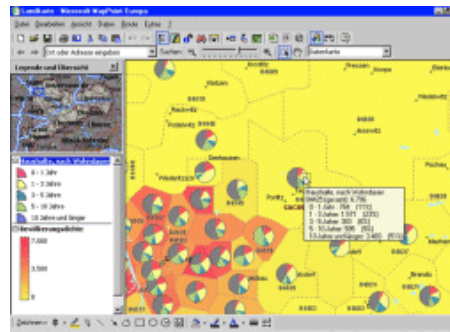
Geo coding

Translation of addresses into geographic coordinates and vice versa

- Digital copy of the geographic reality
- Combination of geographic information (e.g. path of a road) and meta-data (e.g. highway, country road, street name etc.)
- Different „layers“ can be integrated into a purpose oriented combined map.
 - Roads
 - Buildings
 - Rivers
- Specialised providers for map maintenance, e.g. Navteq (owned by Nokia), Tele Atlas (integrated into TomTom), OpenStreetMap



- Points-Of-Interest: positions of hotels, stores etc.
- Demographic data (via specific providers, e.g. Schober)
- Meta data can be derived from addresses via „Data-enrichment“
 - Rating of individual houses: type of building, address, neighbourhood etc.
 - Basic scores for e.g.:
buying power, age group, social position, etc.



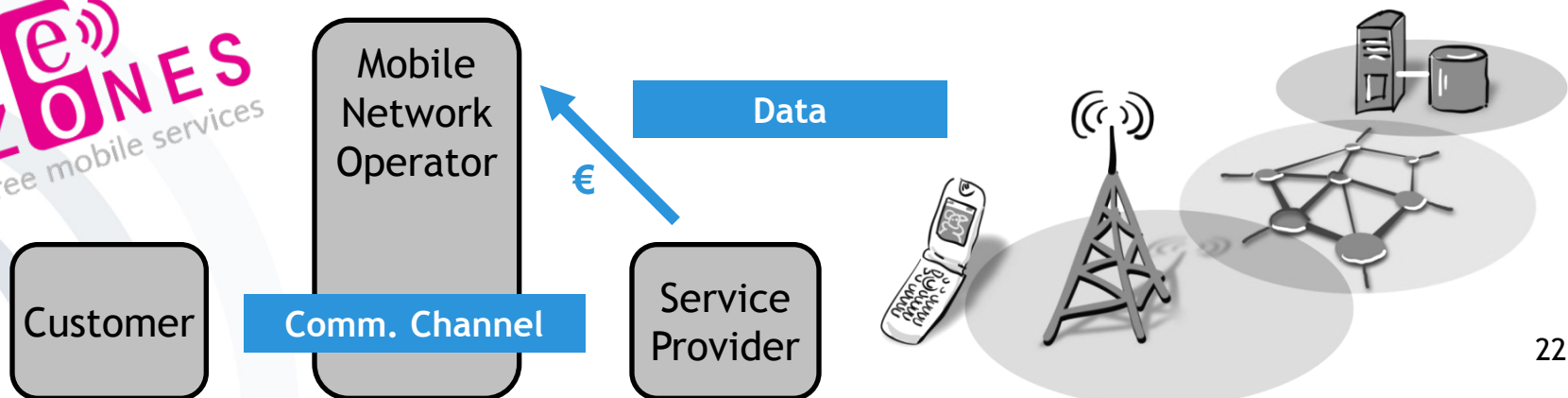
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- Advertisement market
 - Market for advertising media in Germany: \$340 per person in 2014, ca. \$270 in 2001.
 - Mobile advertising spending in Germany is forecasted to increase from \$225 millions in 2012 to \$1.393 millions in 2016.
 - Mobile advertising and mobile marketing are a joint application area
- Earlier approaches hardly successful
 - GSM based media not attractive enough
 - Transfer of personal data to small/unknown enterprises necessary
- UMTS and the participation of established market players
 - mitigated trust problems
 - made the mobile channel usable for transmitting advertisements.

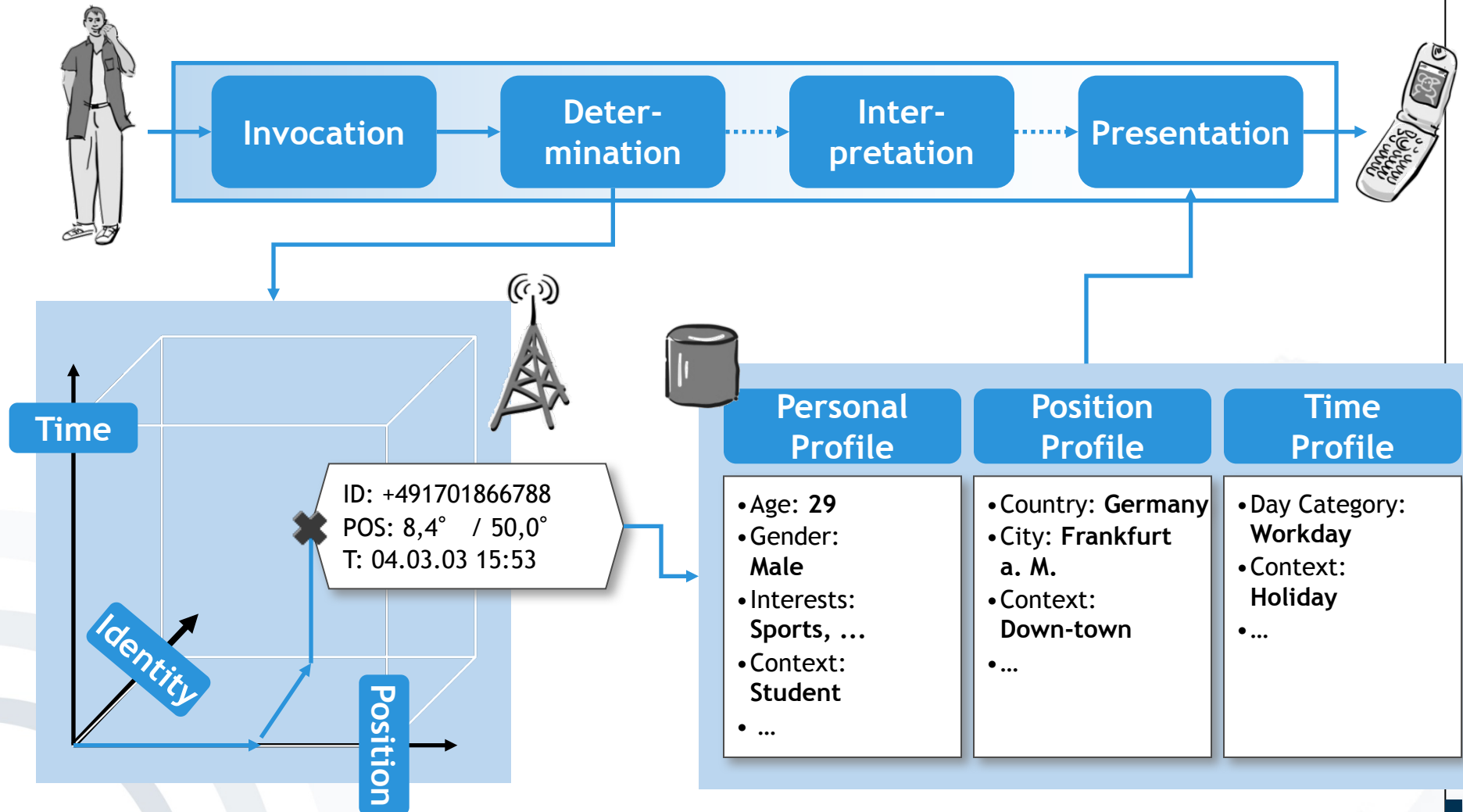


- **Potential:** Mobile network operators have a customer relation with more than 80% of the German population!
- **Offering:** Mobile network operators are providing service providers with a communication channel to potential customers.
- **Motivation:** Service providers gain higher, mobile initiated revenues in their business.
- **Objective:** Eliminating data costs for customers while making them marketing costs for service providers.

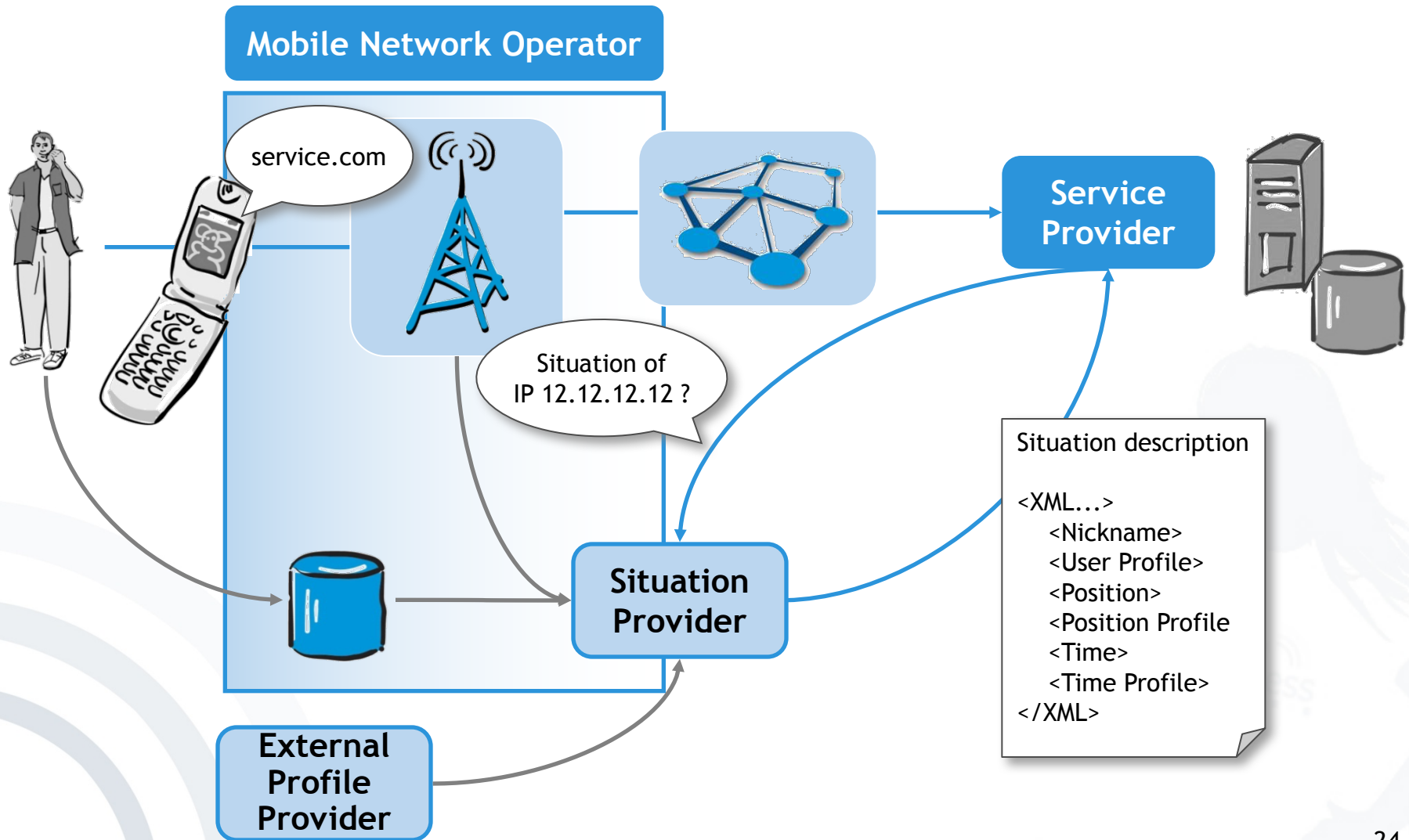
free ZONES
Enjoy free mobile services



The “Situation Process”

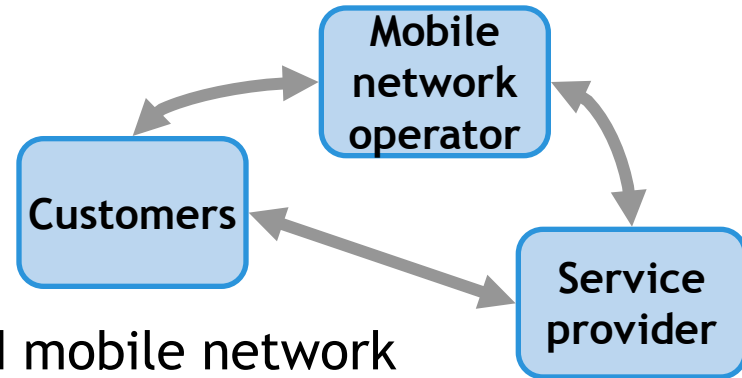


Situation Dependency and its Technical Implementation

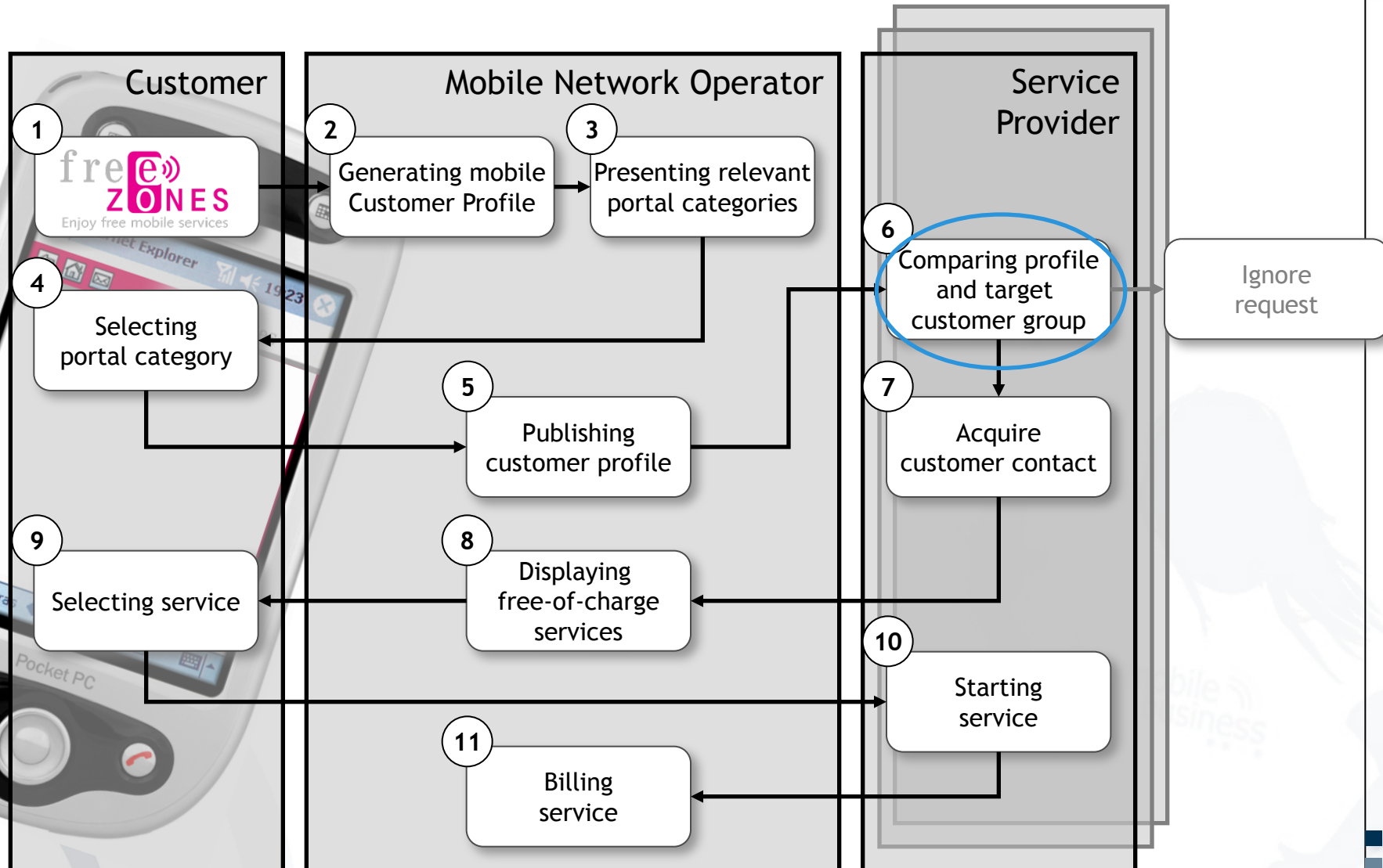


Multilateral Security

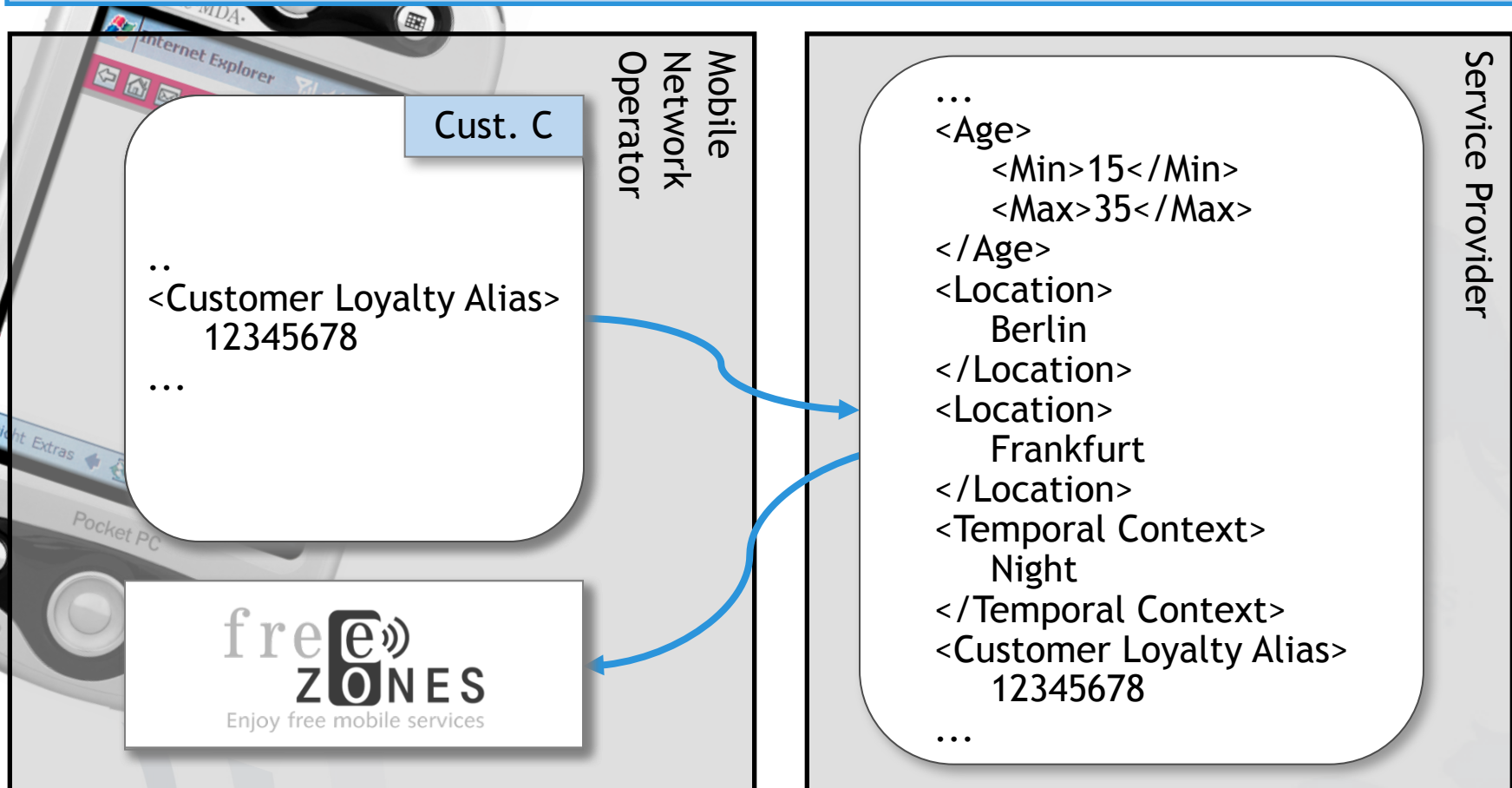
- Balancing of the security and information interests of
 - Customers
 - Mobile network operator
 - Service provider
- Interests of service providers and mobile network operators
 - Accessing and utilising of customers' personal data
- Why consider customers security interests?
 - Customers' trust and intensive use of the services
 - Investment buy-in and acceptance of continuous costs by service providers
 - Higher revenue for mobile network operators
- Precondition: mobile network operators provide self-administration of personal information to customers and service providers.



Dedicated Advertiser Location - Process Overview



- **Customer:** Selects portal category *Food & Meals*
- **Mobile Network Operator:** Generates customer profile and transfers it to relevant service providers (e. g. McDonalds, Coca-Cola etc.)
- **Service Provider (example):** McDonalds with branches in Berlin and Frankfurt



Example: Distribution of a 30-seconds commercial spot

Television - RTL

- CPT for a booking on a Saturday morning in the childrens' program of RTL: € 0,12
- CPT for a booking at a simulcast of a popular sports show at primetime: € 154,00
- **CPT: € 0,12 - 154,00**

Preset costs based on assumptions and statistical analyses

UMTS-Streaming

- Assumptions:
 - Resolution 128x96 Pixels (ITU H.261)
 - 15 frames/sec. in an MPEG4 coding
 - Mono Audio channel in a mp3 coding
 - Average necessary bandwidth 64 kbps
- 30 seconds x 64 kbps add up to 234 KB broadcasted data volume
- Current GPRS rate: € 0,20 per megabyte
- So the transmission costs € 0,0468
- **CPT: € 46,80**

Variable costs based on matching of Customer profiles

Not the same model, but related ...

The screenshot shows a web browser window displaying the FierceWireless Europe website. The browser's address bar shows the URL www.fiercewireless.com/europe. The website's header includes the FierceWireless Europe logo and a navigation menu with links for NEWS, TOPICS, ANALYSIS, FEATURES, LIBRARY, EVENTS, JOBS, and MARKETPLACE. A 'FOLLOW US' section with social media icons is also present.

The main content area features a news article titled "Telefónica withdraws 'Big Data' service from German market" dated November 2, 2012, by Paul Rasmussen. The article text states: "Telefónica's O2 Germany said it has no plans to sell anonymous customer location data to retailers there after the operator received strong pushback from the government following consumer privacy worries. The company says its 'Smart Steps' service, which aims to interpret, analyse and then sell the anonymous data of O2 customers to retailers and public sector organisations, is not expanding to Germany. 'Privacy and customer satisfaction is a top priority for Telefónica, and after feedback from our customers we have now decided not to introduce Smart Steps in Germany,' a company spokesperson told Teltarif.de. This comes after Telefónica Digital announced last month that its newly formed Dynamic Insights unit would shortly offer anonymous customer data—often known as Big Data—to organisations in the UK, Germany and Brazil. Trials of Smart Steps were said to be underway in the UK with a launch expected this month."

Below the article text are social sharing buttons for Email, Tweet (18), LinkedIn (4), and Facebook (4). A sidebar on the right contains a newsletter sign-up form titled "JOIN 20,000+ INSIDERS SIGN UP FOR OUR NEWSLETTER" with an "EMAIL ADDRESS" input field and a "SIGN ME UP" button. Below this is a "POPULAR STORIES" section with two tabs: "MOST READ" and "MOST SHARED". The "MOST READ" tab is selected, showing three articles: "Will LTE speeds be able to keep up with rising demand?", "Analyst: 98% of operators say small cells are essential for the future", and "Analyzing the world's 11 biggest handset makers in Q3 2012".

The browser window also shows a top bar with a search icon and a home icon, and a bottom bar with a search icon and a home icon.

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Navigation:

- *Navigational Services*: Navigation on mobile phones. Some interactive information services;
- *Tourism*: Spare-time services for non-daily environments.

Community:

- *Friend finder*: Social service with high lock-in;
- *Dating*: Location-based partner discovery and dating;
- *Price Finder*: e.g. for cheapest Gas Station

Security & Safety:

- *Safety & Emergency*: 112 localization, emergency tracking, disaster warnings;
- *Law enforcement*: localization for law enforcement

Entertainment:

- *Games*: Mobile Gaming with location component.

Information:

- *Cultural information*: Information service for Location-based spare time planning;
- *Financial Services*: Location-based services with local financial information and services.
- *Medical Emergency Services*: Location in medical emergencies;

- GPS positioning
- Server-based route planning
- Transmission of the route
- Guiding via mobile phone
- Traffic jam update via GPRS/UMTS
- Since V 2.6 also pedestrian navigation

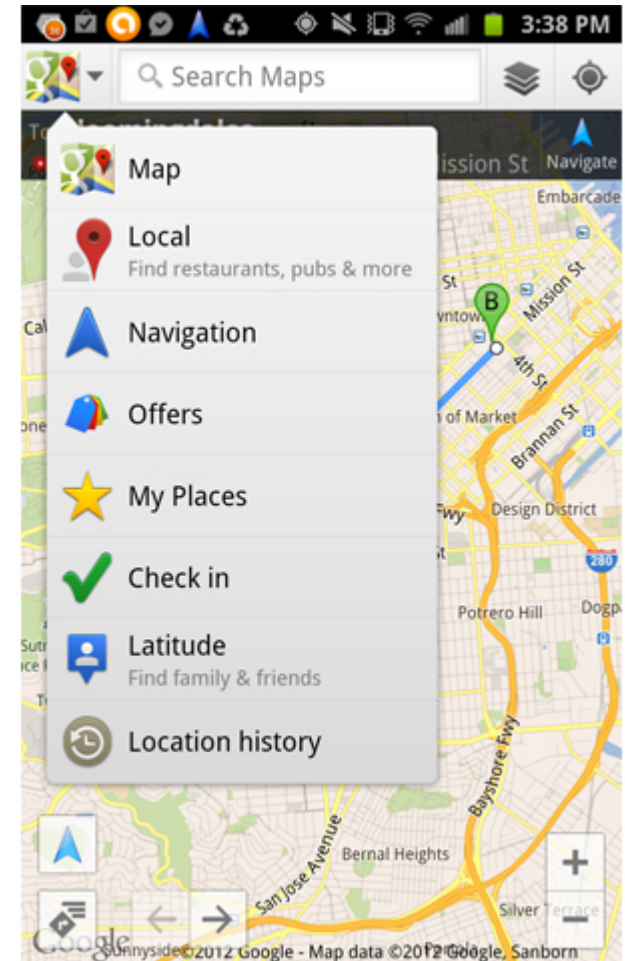


- Costs for standard mobile subscription and data service
- Costs for the NaviGate Service
 - Germany:
 - 0,99 € per day
 - 4,95 € per month
 - Europe: 2,99 € per day

- Navigon uses offline maps and GPS for navigation.
- No data connection required
- Business Models:
 - Navigon Select (Free for Deutsche Telekom customers)
 - D-A-CH local mobile map for Germany, Austria, Switzerland and Lechtenstein
 - Navigon Europe (79,99 €)
 - In-app purchases (traffic, 3D, etc.)



- Google Maps
 - Navigation based on GPS, online maps and traffic conditions
 - Data connectivity required
 - Traffic flow information based on the speed of other cars
- Business Models
 - Free app
 - Ad-financed

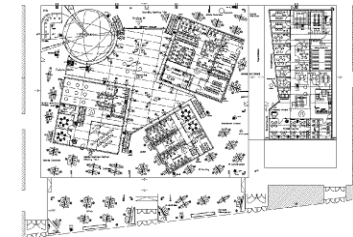
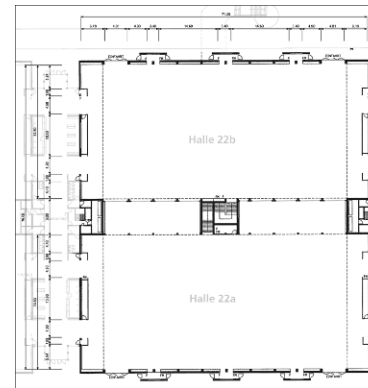
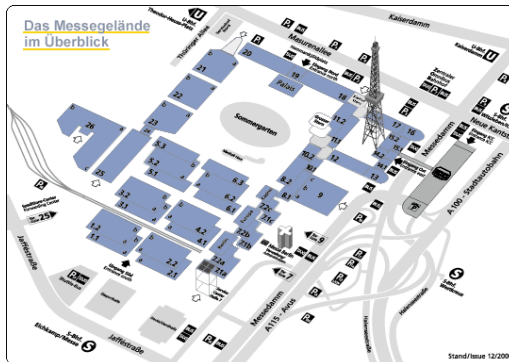


Navigation through Buildings

- Navigation in buildings, on fairs, in museums with PDA or smartphones
- **Two possible scenarios:**
 - Active Navigation (WLAN, Bluetooth)
 - Passive Navigation (QR-Codes)



Navigation through Buildings: Information on Different Levels



←

Territory plan
Index of exhibitors
Index of products
Newstickers for fairs

Plans of the hall
Subject areas
Forums
Hall-Newsticker

→

Stall plans
Exhibits
Corporate infos
URLs

Value added services with position sender (WLAN, Bluetooth)

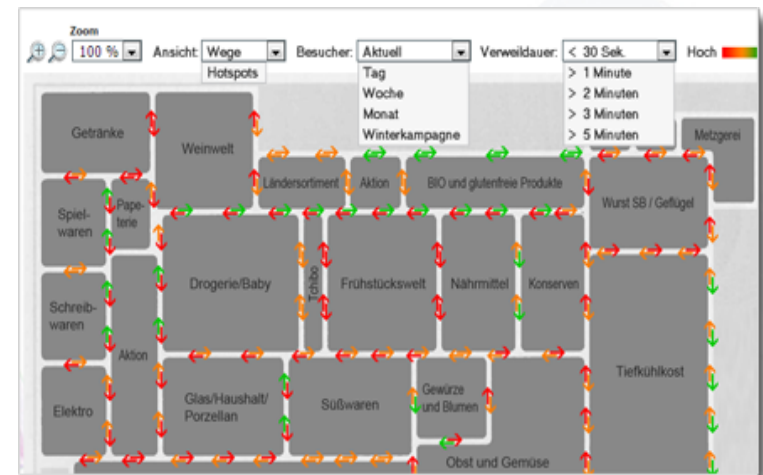
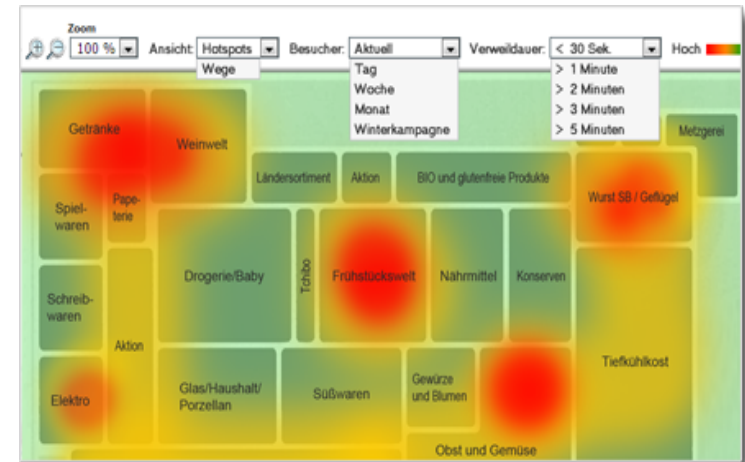


Advantages:

- Measuring customer flows and behavior at the POS / POI (e.g. length of stay or hotspots)
- Notification services
- Locating staff or equipment
- Recognition of customers

Disadvantages:

- WLAN of customers must be active
- WLAN Access Points needed



- QR Codes are based at fixed locations.
- When the phone scans the QR Code it reveals the fixed user position to a service and thereby allows the delivery of location based content.



- **Advantages:**

- Low setup costs and cheap to run
- Available without additional app
- Sufficient for a rough positioning

- **Disadvantages:**

- Only fixed locations
- No measurement of customer flows or frequencies
- Users must have a QR-Code reader

- Location identification during emergency calls via mobile phone in the USA and EU: E911 and E112
- Emergency Tracking
- Disaster Management
- Law Enforcement

Emergency Call Localization (1)

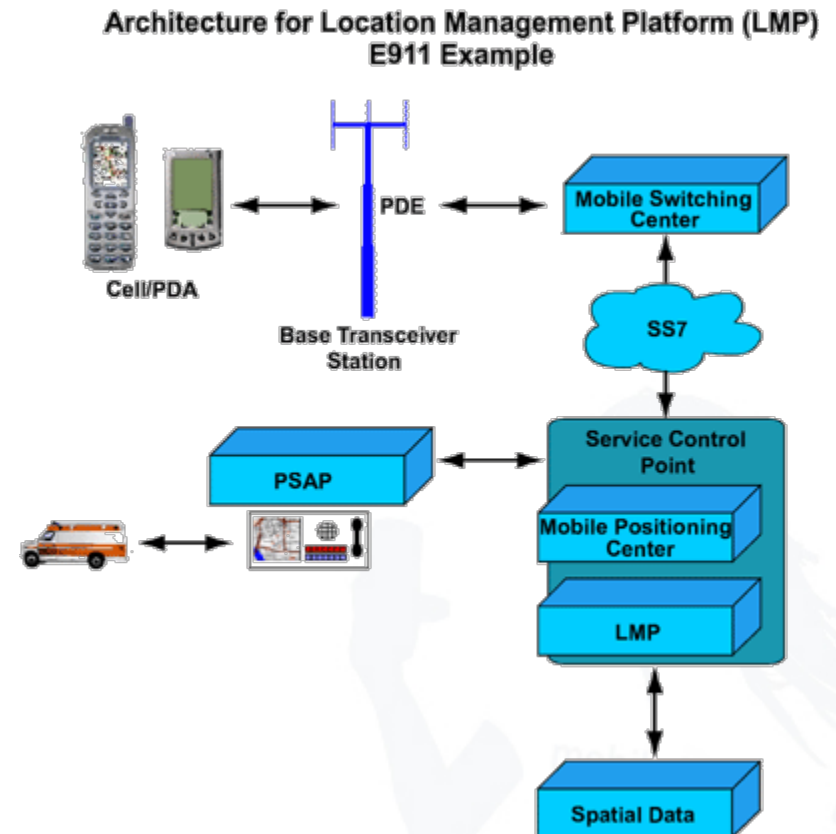
- Wireless Communications and Public Safety Act of 1999 (911 Act):

Improvement of 911- emergency calls and transfer of information about the location to control centers of all licensed mobile radio networks and other networks.

- 2 phases:
 - Phase 1, January 2004:
Mobile radio operator delivers number and cell information to the control station
 - Phase 2, December 31st, 2005:
All sold new mobile phones must possess localization technology; 100% of the network area / of the users must deliver information about the location.

In this E911 example, the Mobile Positioning Center gathers location data from Position Determining Equipment located on the cell tower.

The Service Control Point uses the Location Management Platform to translate the location of the E911 call to the corresponding Public Safety Answering Point, ensuring that the emergency call is properly routed.



[Source: www.mapinfo.com]

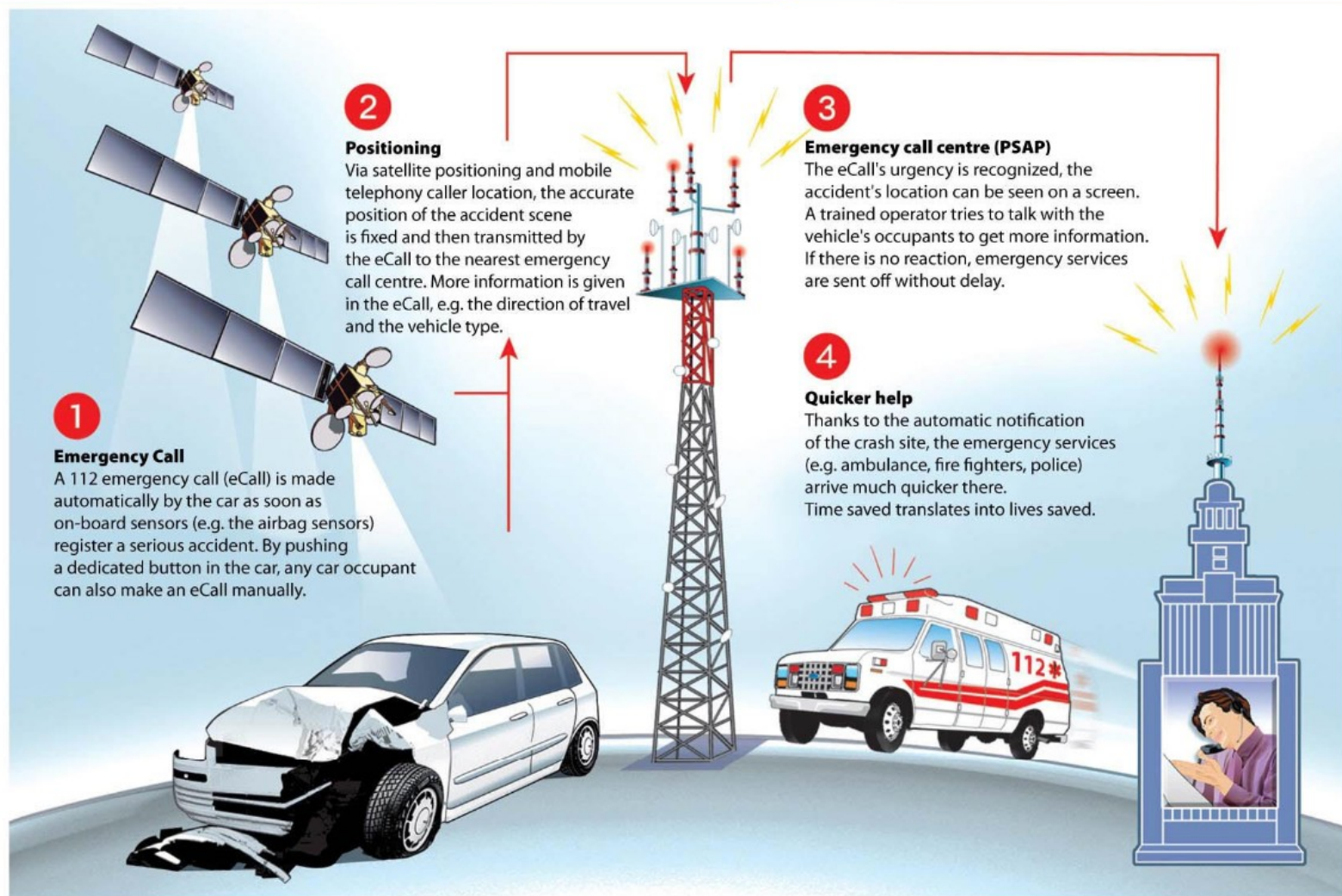


- eCall (short for emergency call) is an emergency call system for motor vehicles planned by the European Union as a project of the eSafety initiative.
- Its purpose is to rapidly initiate rescue measures to reduce the number of road deaths and reduce the severity of injuries in road traffic.
- eCall will be available to all citizens free of charge.



- The concept of eCall was presented in 1999 by European civil servant Luc Tytgat, at the launching of the Galileo project, by the European Commission.
- In 2007, the project was delayed.
- In 2011, the project was pushed again by the European Commission.
- In the summer of 2013 the project was adopted and the corresponding Regulation (EU) 2015/758 was published on May 19, 2015.
- The eCall infrastructure is planned to be available on October 1, 2017.
- The system is mandatory for all new models of cars and light commercial vehicles as of April 2018.

eCall: The crashed car calls 112!



- Differentiation between traffic information and location information
- Explicit consent and right of withdrawal of the users with commercial localization services
- Emergency calls get location information without consent, partly still incompletely defined.
- Many technical and legal questions are still open: Europe-wide roaming, differences in national data protection, compatibility of locating techniques, MNO spanning location information exchange, compatibility of the technology in emergency call centres.

eCall-Alternative

Versicherer starten eigenes Notruf-System

16. März 2016



Die deutschen Kfz-Versicherer bringen ein Konkurrenzsystem zum eCall auf den Markt. Bild: GDV

- Operated by a service firm of the GDV (Gesamtverband der Deutschen Versicherungswirtschaft) and offered by car insurance companies
- Car adapter (12V) that recognizes the collision and its impact
- If collision is registered, smartphone app gets the information and shares it with the emergency call center (including last location and direction of drive).

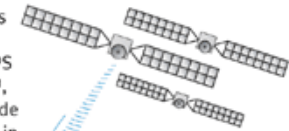
See: <http://www.car-it.com/versicherer-starten-eigenes-notruf-system/id-0045556>
and <http://www.versicherungsmagazin.de/Aktuell/Nachrichten/195/22307/Assekuranz-plant-Einstieg-in-neues-Geschaeftsfeld.html>

- Car renter ACME equips cars with GPS & GSM.
- \$150 contract penalty on speed limit violation.
- Model for the state-run driver control?
- Commercial utilization of the traces?

Driver Control

Global Positioning System (GPS)

The GPS is a constellation of 24 satellites that orbit the earth. These satellites are continuously transmitting data to the GPS receiver integrated into AirIQ OnBoard™, which determines a latitude and longitude "fix" and also calculates the differences in "fixes" to immediately calculate speed and direction.



1 Vehicle Fleets

AirIQ OnBoard™ is installed into each vehicle. A computer processor, GPS receiver and wireless transceiver are integrated into each OnBoard™ unit.



AirIQ OnBoard™ and AirIQ OnLine™ communicate via wireless networks.

2 AirIQ OnLine™

AirIQ OnLine™ is housed within AirIQ's Network Operations Centre, the nucleus of the AirIQ solution. This messaging switch captures information and facilitates its flow. AirIQ OnLine™ manages all of the communications between vehicles equipped with AirIQ OnBoard™ and fleet managers via the Internet. This powerful system is capable of managing millions of vehicles with full security for each fleet.



Access to AirIQ OnLine™ via the Internet.

3 Fleet Management Environment

Fleet managers can access information about their vehicles in real-time by communicating with AirIQ OnLine™. Using a standard Internet browser, AirIQ OnLine™ incorporates a windows-based graphical user interface (GUI) and digitized mapping, which provides an easy-to-use look and feel. Pull-down menus and quick-buttons give rapid access to the main functions of the system, all with the single click of a mouse.



Child Watch (1)

- Children have GSM-GPS system on wrist.
- Price: 199,99 US\$
- Example Service Plan:
„Liberty“ (19.95 US\$ / Year > 4 free calls, any further call 15 US\$, 3 free positioning, additional ones 0,95 US\$)



www.wherifywireless.com/corp_home.htm



Wherify Location Services: Location Map - Microsoft Internet Explorer


© 2001 Wherify Wireless, Inc.

Location Map

Menu Help Close Stop

Map retrieved successfully.

WHERIFY
Wireless Location Services



Location information for Timothy

LOCATE #1

Date: 11/02/01

Time: 10:35:47 AM PST

Street Address Determined:
4520 Main Street
San Francisco, CA 95391

Latitude: 37.5378° North

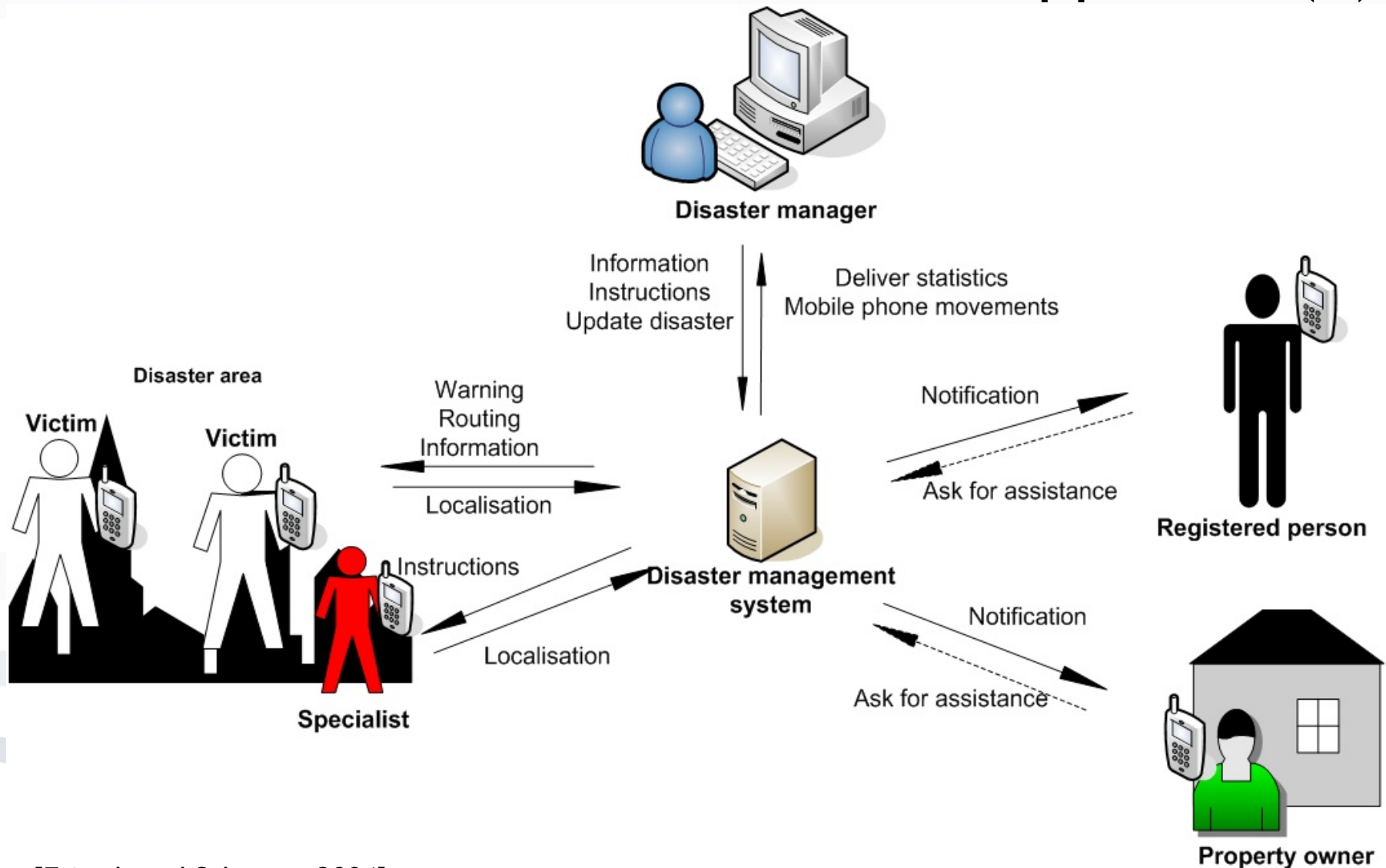
Longitude: 122.2585° West

Altitude: 25.5 Feet

Zoom Out Zoom In

- Several million humans live in areas regularly threatened by disasters.
- Population increases in threatened areas; concentration in large cities or at populated coastlines.
- Civil protection authorities have to manage small area disasters as well as large-scale disasters.
- With Location-based warnings one can regionally alert population in case of disasters.

Disaster Management: The Approach (1)



- Disaster manager operates GIS-based disaster warning system.
- Mobile networks deliver position of mobile phones within the disaster area to disaster manager.
- Disaster manager issues context-dependant warnings to the mobile phones.
- Specialists (medics, firemen, etc.) can pre-register and be identified by their role for special notification.
- Population can register next-of-kin or property for individual notification.

- The use of wireless networks in disaster warning has many advantages:
 - Location-independence
 - Location-based warning
 - Warnings possible in the phone owners language
 - Battery-powered phones survive some time after an incident, so can the networks.

- Configurability
 - What is the reason to be informed?
 - Who is informed?
 - Who belongs to my trusted circle?
- Technical Data Protection
 - Cryptographic protection in normal mode! (Horror scenario: 50.000 location data queries per year from the police due to „Gefahr im Verzug“, G10-Law)
- Emergency mode
 - Override the settings of a victim under controlled terms and conditions (state of emergency etc.)
- Observation mode
 - How many mobile phones do still /not anymore move in the disaster area?
 - Is it allowed to reveal their „identity“ offhand?



[> Home](#) > [So funktioniert](#) > [Mobil ins Internet](#) > [Dating & Chat](#)

Dating & Chat - So funktioniert es



Dating per Handy  per MDA/Sidekick

Mobile Dating findet Leute, die zusammen gehören.

Gesucht: ein Partner für ein romantisches Date, die richtigen Leute für das nächste Konzert oder der Gegner auf Augenhöhe für den Squash-Court. Gefunden! Mit Mobile Dating.

Und das geht so:



zones Geben Sie in t-zones unter "Meine Profile" Ihre persönlichen Daten und die gewünschten Eigenschaften des Partners ein. Sobald Mobile Dating jemand passenden gefunden hat, erhalten Sie eine SMS.

Beantworten Sie diese Matching-SMS und starten Sie einen SMS-Chat mit Ihrem Partner - natürlich anonym und per Nickname. Jetzt können Sie sich verabreden. Sollte der Kontakt nicht Ihren Vorstellungen entsprechen, sperren Sie unter "Meine Dates" einfach diejenigen Nicknames, von denen Sie keine weiteren Nachrichten mehr erhalten möchten.

Per SMS-Chat mit alten Freunden chatten oder neue Freunde finden! Auch das geht. Einfach Chat-Kanal abonnieren - oder selbst einen Chat-Kanal anlegen - Nickname festlegen und los geht's. Hier geht es zum [SMS Chat](#). Eine Chat SMS kostet 0,29 €. Für alle weiteren SMS, wie z.B. Hilfe, Anmeldung und Verwaltung des Dienstes werden die im gebuchten Tarif üblichen SMS-Preise für netzinterne SMS abgerechnet.

Mobile Dating

Jetzt anmelden

A-Z [Weitere Informationen](#)



Handy-Berater

A-Z Lexikon

[FAQ](#)

- **Matching-SMS**

- Informs about matching dating partners
- Contains nickname, sex, age, zip code and flirt text of the partner.

- **Chat-SMS**

- Via a chat-SMS one can contact a dating partner directly and anonymously.

- Matching-SMS **0,19 Euro**
- Chat over GSM/GPRS connection
- Forwarding into SMS album **0,19 Euro**
- Notice: Matching-SMS are generated by the dating system, so costs are generated for actions initialised externally.
Location matching is made via zip codes.

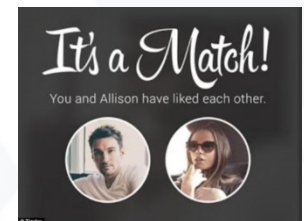


- Using Facebook Connect allows Tinder to access basic profile information about users (e.g. picture, age, name).
- During the initial state only the pictures of users are provided. By swiping left or right the user decides whether he likes the picture or not.
- Only after both users have classified the picture of each other as attractive, profile data will be exchanged and chat will be possible.
- To optimize dating proposals, location data plays a major role. Tinder uses GPS to propose only people in a radius of the user's choice (e.g. 50 km).

More Recent Dating Services

Tinder - Business Model

- Since 2012 Tinder is available as free app.
- In March 2015 the service was transformed into a **freemium business model**:
 - Number of likes has been limited (additional likes can be acquired with in app purchases).
 - Previous valuations (swipes) can be changed.
 - Users can change their location manually (user input instead of GPS), to e.g. find flirt partners for an upcoming holiday trip.
 - Tinder Plus costs \$9.99 if the user is under 30, and \$19.99 per month if the user is 30 or older whereas the price differentiation varies by country (e.g. GER 40 year old: 14,99€ vs. 23 year old: 2,99€).





MOBILOCO

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Vorwahl

Handynummer

Passwort

OK

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ANMELDUNG

MOBILOCO
Buddy Alert.

[Jetzt anmelden!](#)

BUDDY ALERT

DATE MAKER

MOBILE MARKET

SERVICE

Sind deine Freunde in Nähe?

Mit dem Buddy Alert fragst du per Handy ab, ob deine Freunde in der Nähe sind. Funktioniert mit jedem Handy, einfach per SMS. Du kannst einzelne Freunde sowie Gruppen mit bis zu vier Mitgliedern lokalisieren.

In der City beim Shoppen oder abends auf der Piste: Der Buddy Alert sagt dir, welche Freunde in deiner Nähe sind. Auch praktisch: zu wissen, wie weit die Freunde entfernt sind, während du an einem Treffpunkt wartest...



Der Buddy Alert funktioniert netzübergreifend, bei Vodafone D2 und o2. Als Vodafone-Kunde kannst du also auch Freunde bei o2 orten und umgekehrt. In Kürze werden auch die übrigen deutschen Netzbetreiber angeschlossen.

Den MOBILOCO Buddy Alert kannst du per Abo oder per Einzelkauf nutzen. Beim Abonnement zahlst du eine Gebühr von nur 2,99 €/Monat. Dafür hast du monatlich fünf Einzelabfragen und fünf Gruppenabfragen frei, um bis zu 25 Freunde zu lokalisieren. Weitere Abfragen kannst du jederzeit online erwerben. Wenn deine Freunde dich orten, informieren wir dich kostenlos. Das Abo hat keine Mindestlaufzeit, du kannst es jeweils zum Monatsende kündigen. **[Jetzt anmelden!](#)**

Aktuelles

Bonus-Programm:
[10 Abfragen gratis!](#)

Mobile E-Mail: [Jetzt auch für dein Handy](#)

DER FILM



MOBILOCO

Login

Vorwahl

Handynummer

Passwort

OK

[Passwort vergessen?](#)

BUDDY ALERT

Anmeldung

DATE MAKER

MOBILE MARKET

SERVICE

Anmeldung

Schritt

1

Mit dem Buddy Alert fragst du per Handy ab, ob deine Freunde in der Nähe sind. Funktioniert mit jedem Handy, einfach per SMS. Du kannst einzelne Freunde sowie Gruppen mit bis zu vier Mitgliedern lokalisieren.

Abonnement*

- 2,99 € Abo-Gebühr/Monat
- 5 Einzelabfragen inkl.
- 5 Gruppenabfragen inkl.

- Keine Abo-Mindestlaufzeit
- Abo monatlich kündbar

* Abfragen stehen monatlich automatisch zur Verfügung

Einzelkauf**

- Keine Abo-Gebühr
- 0,50 € pro Einzelabfrage
- 1,00 € pro Gruppenabfrage

- Wechsel zum Abo auch nachträglich möglich

** Abfragen müssen **vorab** online gekauft werden

Netz / Provider auswählen

Zur Anmeldung gib bitte zuerst an, in welchem Mobilfunknetz und über welchen Service-Provider du mobil telefonierst.

Netz / Provider T-Mobile / T-Mobile

WEITER

Tipp: Dein Mobilfunknetz wird in deinem Handydisplay angezeigt. Dein Provider steht auf deiner Mobilfunkrechnung bzw. auf deinem Pre-Paid-Kartenvertrag.

Beim MOBILOCO Buddy Alert zahlst du **keine besonderen SMS- bzw. WAP-Gebühren**. Für die Nutzung fallen zusätzlich nur die netzinternen SMS- bzw. Minuten- / Volumenkosten gemäß deines Mobilfunk-Tarifs an. Im Internet fallen zusätzlich die Zugangs- und Nutzungsgebühren des jeweiligen Anbieters an.

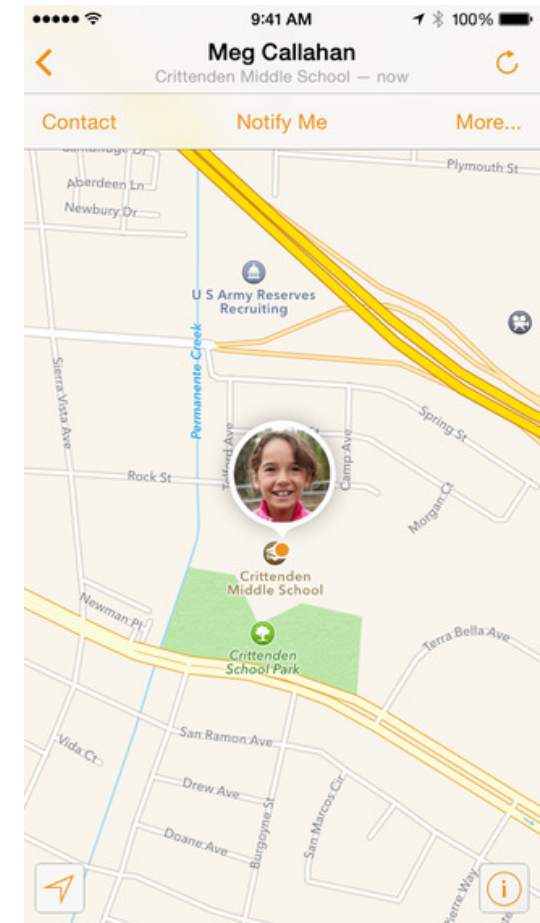
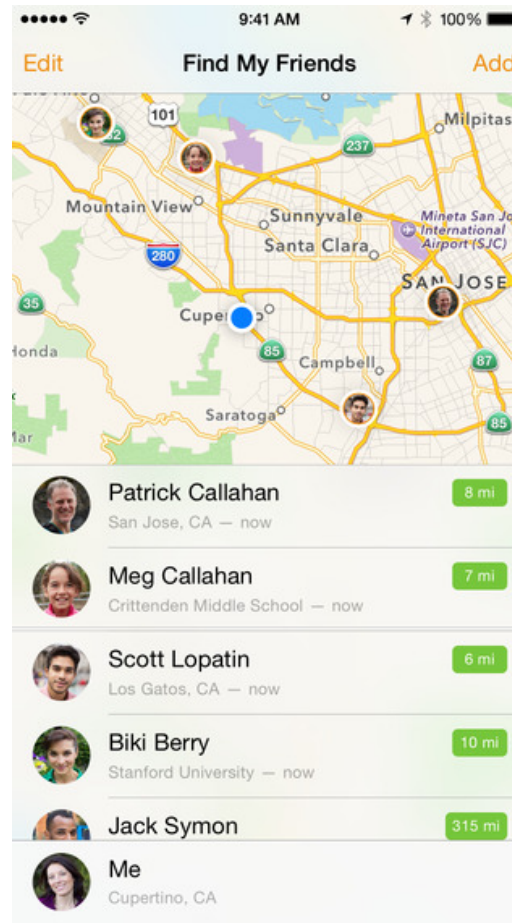
More Recent Friend Locators

Apple Find My Friends

Find My Friends allows to locate, share and track locations of friends and family members

Business Model:

- Free app



[Sources: iTunes “Find my friends”]

- Several apps for calling taxis
- myTaxi - available in several countries
 - Search taxis nearby
 - Estimate the price for the route
 - “Slide-to-pay” mobile payment also possible
 - Bill sent to customer’s email
 - Customer pays nothing extra
 - Possible to leave tip for the driver (5%, 10%, or 15% - Driver pays an additional 0,21 € + 3,9% of the tip for the service.)
- Former Business Model:
 - Fixed fee: Driver pays 0.79 € per fare.
- Recent Business Model:
 - Changed twice after an auction model has led to highly negative responses and false incentives
 - Now fee equal to 7% of the price of the fare





Uber is a car pick-up service that allows consumers to submit a trip request, which is routed to crowd-sourced private taxi drivers.

▪ **Advantages:**

- Hiring and payment is handled through Uber and not personally.
- 20% cheaper than competitors in the passenger transport sector

▪ **Disadvantages:**

- Safety: Drivers do not have official authorization and their skills and capabilities are not screened (e.g. eye examination)
- Privacy: Uber extensively collects data on its drivers and customers

▪ **Business Model:**

- 20% of the ticket price plus 4.2 % tax (24,2% in total)

▪ **Current Status:**

- Since October 2014 Uber reduced its fee in parts of Germany to 0,35€/km (original costs) to be able to claim their service to be a lifting service (Mitfahrgelegenheit) instead of a commercial service.
- In March 2015 Uber was banned in Germany.

“Uber Technologies is looking to raise as much as \$2.1 billion in a financing round that would value the car-booking company at \$62.5 billion, said people familiar with the matter.”

Source: <http://www.bloomberg.com/news/articles/2015-12-03/uber-raises-funding-at-62-5-valuation>

- Why is this company worth so much? (Valuation higher than national product of 60% of all nations worldwide, ranked before Croatia or Luxembourg)

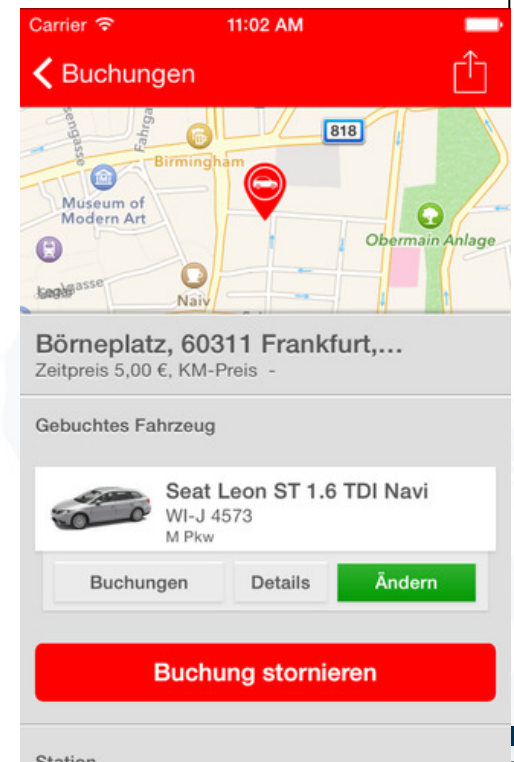
“When there’s no other dude in the car, the cost of taking an Uber anywhere becomes cheaper than owning a vehicle. So the magic there is, you basically bring the cost below the cost of ownership for everybody, and then car ownership goes away.” (Travis Kalanick, CEO Uber)

This quote highlights the most important ideas:

1. Highest share of costs is for the drivers (“the other dude in the car”)
2. Autonomously driving cars create the possibility to cut this cost
3. “Taking an Uber” (using the service) would be so cheap that it would not be beneficial to own a car on your own anymore (think about the devastating consequences on the German car manufacturers)
→ Uber’s valuation is based on their knowledge about the driving behavior of millions of customers and their position in developing autonomous cars

Short-term rental of vehicles

- Car-sharing is a model of car rental where people rent cars for short periods of time.
- Example 1: Car2go
 - A German car rental company, available in European and Northern America cities - in more than 25 cities
 - Introduced in Ulm, Germany in 2008
 - Business model: charges per minute rate
 - A location-based system accessible form car2go app
 - Users can locate and reserve a car using the app.
- Example 2: Book-n-drive
 - Accessible through their location-based apps
 - Business model: charges per hour



- To rent bikes for a short period of time
- Example: **Call a Bike** from Deutsche Bahn (DB)
 - Accessible from the official app - called **Call a Bike**
 - The app locates the available bikes in the nearby based on GPS information.
 - Business model: around 8 cents/minute and 15€/day
 - Three stages involved: hiring, locking temporarily and returning





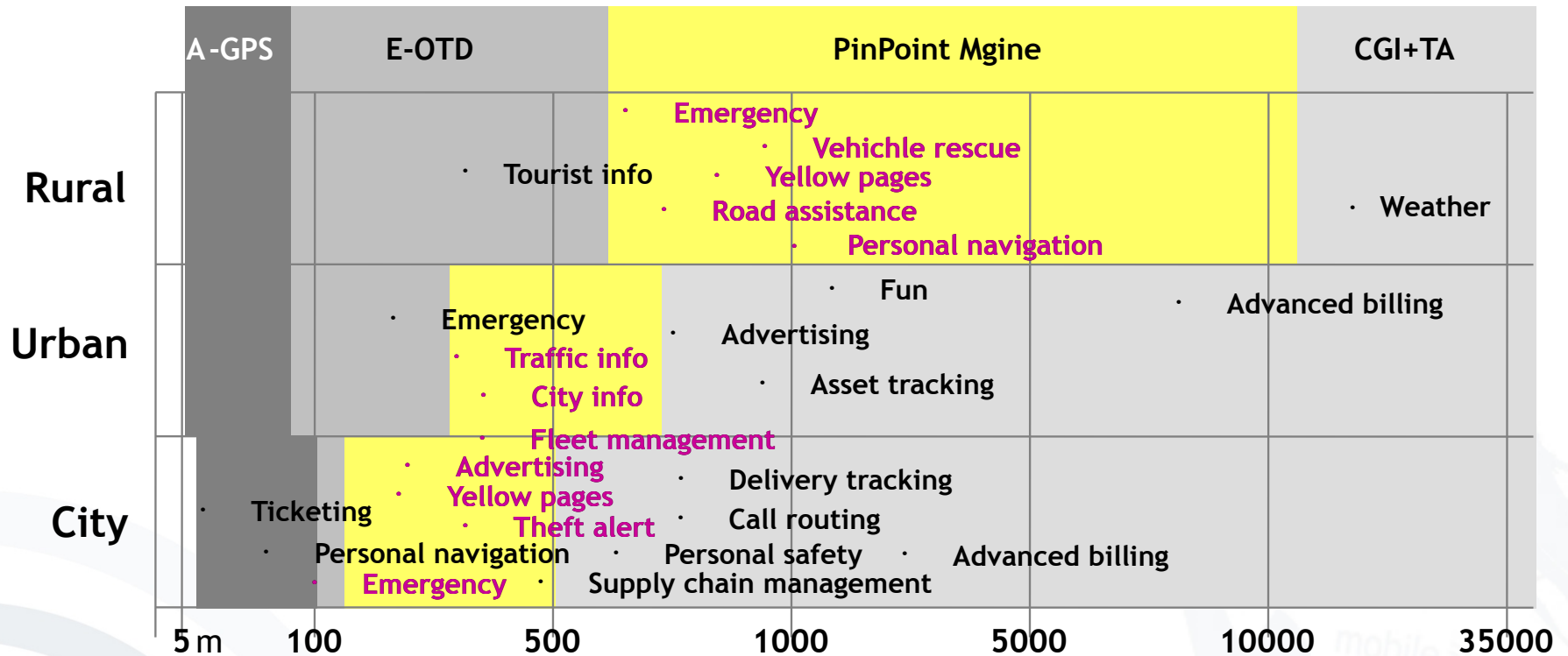
clever-tanken.de

- Find the nearest gas station
- Based on community effort

- Payment via mobile phone
 - Ticketing for events
 - Location dependent payment
 - Mobile office with instruments for travel payment via mobile
- Information
 - Announcements on events
 - Promotions
 - Sales
 - Pollen warning
 - Catalogues at trade fairs
- Access control
 - Netflix policies based on location

- Positioning
 - Naval management
 - Parcel tracing
 - Personal tracing
 - Child-Watch (e.g. integrated in toys)
 - Friend-Finder (Community)
 - Games (e.g. Gotcha)
 - Breakdown service
 - Prohibited areas

Application	Entry level accuracy requirements	Mass acceptance accuracy requirements	Customised device required?	Objective	Location frequency
Location Sensitive Billing	Cell/Sector	250m	No	Competitive Pricing	Originated calls, received calls, mid-call
Roadside Assistance	500m	125m	No	Send help	Originated calls
Mobile Yellow Pages	Cell/Sector	250m	No	What's near me?	Originated calls
Traffic information	Cell/Sector	Cell/Sector	No	What's traffic like?	Originated calls or every 5 min.
Location based messages	Cell/Sector	125m	Short message or data capable	Advertise, alert, inform	Originated calls or every 5 min.
Fleet tracking	Cell/Sector	30 - 125m	No	Resource management	Every 5 min. or on demand
Track packages	Cell/Sector	Cell/Sector	Yes	Locate and direct	On demand
Driving directions	125m	30m	No	Guidance	Every 5 sec.



[Source: EMT]

- Standards necessary
 - IETF Geopriv workgroup (Internet Engineering Task Force, Geographic location/privacy):
The Geopriv workgroup has identified a need to securely gather and transfer location information for location services, and at the same time protect the privacy of the users. (see RFC 3693)
www.ietf.org
- Location Interoperability Forum
 - More than 100 members
 - Ericsson, Motorola and Nokia
 - Mobile Location Protocol 2.0



- Each service can be ordered both automatically and on demand.
- When and in which way do I want to get informed when I visit a certain location?
- Profiles vs. privacy

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